## Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

DE SOTO

IL0770200

Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2024

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.

The source of drinking water used by DE SOTO is Purchased Surface Water

For more information regarding this report contact:

Name Dariny Vancil

hone 618-867-2315

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre el agua que usted bebe. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

## Source of Drinking Water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

ontaminants that may be present in source water notings:

microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

 Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.

Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

 Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population.

Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infents can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EpA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe prinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The drinking water supplier is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and traking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standard Institute accredited certifier

to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish

methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at http ://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Source Water Information

Source Water Name

CC01 - DESOTO MASTER METER

FF IL0775100 TP02,

Type of Water

WS

Report Status Location

KINKAIDB.S., 258 HEINS FARM LANE, MURPHYSBORO

Source Water Assessment

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water quality. If you would like to learn more, please feel welcome to attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. The source water assessment for our supply has been completed by the Illinois EPA. If you would like a copy of this information, please stop by City Hall or call our water operator at 618-867-2315. To view a summary version of the completed Source Water Assessments, including: Importance of Source Water, Susceptibility to Contamination Determination; and documentation/recommendation of Source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts you may access the Illinois EPA source Water Protection Efforts you may access the Illinois E website at http://www.epa.state.il.us/cgi-bin/wp/swap-fact-sheets.pl.

Source of Water: KINKAID AREA WATER SYSTEMIllinois EPA considers all surface water sources of public water supply to susceptible to potential pollution problems. Hence the reason for mandatory treatment of all public water supplies in Illinois. Mandatory treatment includes coagulation, sedimentation, filtration and disinfection. Primary sources of pollution in Illinois lakes can include agricultural runoff, land disposal (septic systems) and shoreline

#### Lead and Copper

Definitions:

Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment of other requirements which a water system must follow.

Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of

Copper Range:

safety.

Lead Range: 0.011 pan 6 to 2.4 pp 0.25 pan

Contact Danny Vancil at 618-867-2315

To obtain a copy of the system's lead tap sampling data:

CIRCLE ONE: Our Community Water Supply has/has not developed a service line material inventory.

To obtain a copy of the system's service line inventory: Contact Danny Vancil at 618-867-2315

| Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Errosion of natural deposits. | z         | qđđ   | 0            | 1.4                | 15           | 0    | 2024         | Lead            |
|--|-----------|-------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|------|--------------|-----------------|
| Corrosion of household plumbing systems. Errosion of natural deposits. | z         | máď   | 0            | 0.22               | 1.3          | 1.3  | 2024         | Copper          |
| Likely Source of Contamination   | Violation | Units | # Sites Over | 90th<br>Percentile | Action Level | MCLG | Date Sampled | Lead and Copper |

## Water Quality Test Results

Definitions:

The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.

Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water

The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible system on multiple occasions

The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Soal or MCLG: for a margin of safety.

Maximum residual disinfectant level or The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

MRDL:

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:

Level 2 Assessment: Level 1 Assessment:

## Water Quality Test Results

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG:

The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants. not applicable.

mrem:

na:

millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

ррт : ф ф д

Treatment Technique or TT:

micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water.

milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water.

A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

## Regulated Contaminants

|  | -  |        | 1        |             | 1                 |  |      |                              |
|--|----|--------|----------|-------------|-------------------|--|------|------------------------------|
| By-product of drinking water disinfection  | z. | qaa    | 80       | No goal for | 11.1 - 18.8       | 16   | 2024 | Total Trihalomethanes        |
|  |    |        |          | the total   |                   | (Articological Articology) (A. |      | (RAAD)                       |
| By-product of drinking water disinfection. | z  | ppb    | 60       | No goal for | 11 - 37           | 24   | 2024 | Haloacetic Acids             |
|  |    | 420000 |          |             |                   |  |      |                              |
| Water additive used to control microbes.   | z  | ppm    | MRDL = 4 | MRDLG = 4   | 2.3 - 3.07        | 2.8  | 2024 | Chloramines                  |
| AIDIACTOR PIKELY SOURCE OF CONCAMINACION   | 4  | OHECO  | FIG.E    |             | Detected Detected | Detected   | Date | Disinfection By-<br>Products |

# Corrective actions for violations: Public extification was issued and the violations have been returned to compliance.

#### Violations Table

| Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)            |                   |                  |  |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| some people who drink water contai | ning haloacetic a | cids in excess o | Some people who drink water containing haloacetic acids in excess of the MCL over many years may have an increased risk of getting cancer.   |
| Violation Type                     | Violation Begin   | Violation End    | Violation Begin Violation End Violation Explanation  |
| MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR   | 07/01/2024        | 09/30/2024       | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated |
|                                    |                   |                  |  |

| ome people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess one revous systems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer. | aining trihalometha | getting cancer. | ome people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years may experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or central nervous systems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer. |
|---|---------------------|-----------------|---|
| Violation Type  | Violation Begin     | Violation End   | Violation Begin Violation End Violation Explanation   |
| ONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR   | 07/01/2024          | 09/30/2024      | We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because o  |

## Regulated Contaminants

## KINKAID AREA WATER SYSTEM

| Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.   | z         | qqq    | w        | ω                        | 0.1 - 0.2                   | 0.2                       | 2024               | Atrazine   |
|--|-----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.   | z         | ppb    | 1.0      | 10                       | 0.3 - 0.3                   | 0.3                       | 2024               | 2,4-D  |
| n Likely Source of Contamination   | Violation | Units  | NCI      | MCLG                     | Range of Levels<br>Detected | Highest Level<br>Detected | Collection<br>Date | Synthetic organic contaminants including pesticides and herbicides |
| Erosion from naturally occurring deposits Used in water softener regeneration.   | z         | qqq    |          |                          | 13.2 - 13.2                 | 13                        | 2024               | Sodium   |
| Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching fro septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.                                | z         | wdd    | 10       | 10                       | 0.16 - 0.16                 | 0.16                      | 2024               | Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]                                     |
| Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories. | N         | wdd    | 4.0      | 4                        | 0.78 - 0.78                 | 0.8                       | 2024               | Fluoride   |
| Likely Source of Contamination   | Violation | Units  | MCI      | MCIG                     | Range of Levels<br>Detected | Highest Level<br>Detected | Collection<br>Date | Inorganic<br>Contaminants  |
| By-product of drinking water disinfection.   | z         | वृषेवे | 80       | No goal for<br>the total | 10.1 - 10.1                 | 10                        | 2024               | Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)                                       |
| By-product of drinking water disinfection.   | и         | qđđ    | 60       | No goal for the total    | 12.1 - 12.1                 | 12                        | 2024               | Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)  |
| By-product of drinking water disinfection.   | N         | mdd    | 'n       | 0.8                      | 0.74 - 0.87                 | 0.87                      | 2024               | Chlorite   |
| Water additive used to control microbes.   | z         | ppm    | MRDL = 4 | MRDLG = 4                | 3.2 - 3.5                   | 3.4                       | 2024               | Chloramines  |
| Likely Source of Contamination   | ATOTACTOR | OIII   | 3        | HCP4                     | Detected Detected           | Detected                  | Date               | Disinfection By- Products  |

#### Turbidity

| Highest single measurement     | 1 NTU   | 0.22 NTU | z | Soil runoff. |
|--------------------------------|---------|----------|---|--------------|
|                                |         |          |   |              |
| Lowest monthly % meeting limit | 0.3 NTU | 100%     | z | Soil runoff. |
|                                |         |          |   |              |

Information Statement: Turbidity is a measurement of the cloudiness of the water caused by suspended particles. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality and the effectiveness of our filtration system and disinfectants.

#### Total Organic Carbon

The percentage of Total Organic Carbon (TOC) removal was measured each month and the system met all TOC removal requirements set, unless a TOC violation is noted in the violations section.

## CITY OF CARBONDALE

| Regulated Contaminants                     |                    | CITY OF CARBONDALE        | BONDALE  |                          |  |          |           |  |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|----------|-----------|--|
| Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products | Collection<br>Date | Highest Level<br>Detected | Highest Level Range of Levels<br>Detected Detected | MCTG                     | MCL                                      | Units    | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination   |
| Chloramines                                | 2024               | 2.8                       | 2<br>-<br>3  | MRDLG = 4                | MRDL = 4                                 | wdđ      | z         | Water additive used to control microbes.   |
| Haloacetic Acids<br>(HAA5)                 | 2024               | 34                        | 21.8 - 36.4  | No goal for<br>the total | 60                                       | gdđ      | Z         | By-product of drinking water disinfection.   |
| Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)               | 2024               | 63                        | 38.3 - 87.6  | No goal for the total    | 80                                       | qdd      | М         | By-product of drinking water disinfection.   |
| Inorganic Contaminants                     | Collection<br>Date | Highest Level<br>Detected | Highest Level Range of Levels<br>Detected Detected | MCTG                     | MCT                                      | Units    | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination   |
| Barium                                     | 2024               | 0.0093                    | 0.0093 - 0.0093                                    | 2                        | 2  | uďď      | Z         | Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.                                |
| Fluoride                                   | 2024               | 0.7                       | 0.668 - 0.668                                      | Δ.                       | 4.0                                      | udđ      | z         | Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories. |
| Manganese                                  | 2024               | N                         | 1.8 - 1.8  | 150                      | 150                                      | qdd      | N         | This contaminant is not currently regulated by the USEPA. However, the state regulates. Erosion of natural deposits.       |
| Nitrate [measured as<br>Nitrogen]          | 2024               | 0.22                      | 0.22 - 0.22  | 10                       | 10                                       | ppm      | Z.        | Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic<br>tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.                            |
| Selenium                                   | 2024               | 2                         | 2.1 - 2.1  | 50                       | 50                                       | qđđ      | z         | Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries;<br>Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from<br>mines.                    |
| Sodium                                     | 2024               | ر<br>م                    | 16 - 16  | er.                      |  | वृत्वेत् | Z         | Erosion from naturally occuring deposits. Used in water softener regeneration.   |
|  |                    |                           | 976  |                          | 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2 |          |           |  |

| Radioactive<br>Contaminants    | Collection<br>Date | Highest Level Range of Levels<br>Detected Detected | Range of Levels<br>Detected | MCLG      | MCT                            | Units V   | Violation  | Violation Likely Source of Contamination |   |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------|------------|--|---|
| Combined Radium<br>226/228     | 01/13/2020         | 0.672  | 0.672 - 0.672               | 0         | 5                              | pCi/L     | z          | Erosion of natural deposits.             |   |
| Turbidity                      |                    | Limit (Treatment<br>Technique)                     | t Level Detected            | Violation | Likely Source of Contamination | rce of Co | ntaminatio | jn                                       | ā |
| Highest single measurement     | ment               | 1 NTU  | 0.2 NTU                     | Z         | Soil runoff.                   | f.        |            |  |   |
| Lowest monthly % meeting limit | ng limit           | 0.3 NTU  | 100%                        | Z         | Soil runoff.                   | f.        |            |  |   |
|                                |                    |  |                             |           |                                |           | 0.406      |  |   |

Information Statement: Turbidity is a measurement of the cloudiness of the water caused by suspended particles. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water and the effectiveness of our filtration system and disinfectants.

### Total Organic Carbon

The percentage of Total Organic Carbon (TOC) removal was measured each month and the system met all TOC removal requirements set, unless a TOC violation is noted in the violations section.